# Roll Heated Flatwork Finisher

20 inch (500 mm) Roll Models Refer to Page 4 for Model Identification



# **Keep These Instructions for Future Reference.** (If this machine changes ownership, this manual must accompany machine.)



www.comlaundry.com

Installation/Operation

FOR YOUR SAFETY, the information in this manual must be followed to minimize the risk of fire or explosion or to prevent property damage, personal injury or death.

WARNING

- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS:
  - Do not try to light any appliance.
  - Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
  - Clear the room, building or area of all occupants.
  - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
  - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

**IMPORTANT:** Purchaser must consult the local gas supplier for suggested instructions to be followed if the finisher operator smells gas. The gas utility instructions plus the SAFETY and WARNINGS note directly above must be posted in a prominent location near the finisher.

#### FOR YOUR SAFETY

Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

W053

# Table of Contents

Introduction	4
Serial Plate Location	4
Replacement Parts	4
Customer Service	4
Model Identification	4
Safety Information	5
Explanation of Safety Messages	5
Safety Notice	8
Important Safety Instructions	8
Installation	11
Pre-Installation Inspection	11
Overall Dimensions and Connecting Data	12
Required Materials	13
Location Requirements	13
Lifting the Finisher	14
Moving the Finisher with Rollers	15
Flectrical Requirements	16
Grounding Instructions	16
Electrical Connection	17
Gas Connection	18
Gas Technical Specifications for CE Models	19
Inlet Pressure	19
Manifold Pressure	19
Gas Conversion	20
Adjustments and Flow Rates for Non-CE Models	21
Adjustments and Flow Rates for CE Models	21
Exhaust Requirements	22
Individual Venting	23
Steam Connection	24
Steam Connection Locations	24
Steam Connection Requirements	24
First Start-Up	25
Oneration	28
Operating Instructions for	20
Microprocessor Models Starting October 2003	28
Operating Controls	28
Pre-Operating Procedures	29
Operating Instructions	29
Operating Instructions for	-/
Electromechanical Models Through Sentember 2003	31
Operating Controls	31
Pre-Operating Procedures	32
Operating Instructions	32
Regulating the Cylinder Heat	33
Breakdown Procedures	34
Alarms	34
Insufficient Air Flow (Gas Models Only)	34
Emergency Safety Bar	35

© Copyright 2012, Alliance Laundry Systems LLC

All rights reserved. No part of the contents of this book may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means without the expressed written consent of the publisher.

Microprocessor Control	35
Thermal Warning Fan	35
Speed Regulator Alarm	35
No Flame (CE Gas Models Only)	35
Overheating or Sensor Not Connected	35
Extended Periods of Non-Use	35
Maintenance	36
Steam Heated Machines	36
Feeding Ribbon Tension Adjustment	36
Return Ribbon Tension Adjustment	37
Press-Roller Pressure Adjustment	38
Press-Roller Drive Chain Tension Adjustment	38
Thermostat Inspection	39
Cleaning the Scrapers	39
Waxing the Ironing Cylinder	39
Removing Rust From Ironing Cylinder	40
Periodic Maintenance	40
Daily	40
Weekly	40
Every 200 Hours	40
Every 2000 Hours	41
Replacement of Feeding Ribbons	41
Replacement of Return Ribbons	43
Replacement of Supporting Rollers	45
Models Starting July 2007	45
Replacement of Side Rollers	45
Troubleshooting Undesirable Finishes	46
Troubleshooting Hot Surface Ignition Module	
(120 Volt Gas Models Only)	47
Status LED Used to Troubleshoot	47
Ignition System Checks	48
Check Operation of Air Vacuum Switches	48

# Introduction

## **Serial Plate Location**

The serial plate is located on the left side panel of the finisher. Refer to *Figure 1*. Always provide the machine's serial number and model number when ordering parts or when seeking technical assistance.





## **Replacement Parts**

If literature or replacement parts are required, contact the source from which the machine was purchased or contact Alliance Laundry Systems at (920) 748-3950 for the name and address of the nearest authorized parts distributor.

## **Customer Service**

For technical assistance, contact your distributor or call the following number:

(920) 748-3121 Ripon, Wisconsin

## **Model Identification**

Information in this manual is applicable to the models listed below.

UD20F075

UD20F098

UD20F126

# **Safety Information**

# **Explanation of Safety Messages**

Throughout this manual and on machine decals, you will find precautionary statements ("DANGER," "WARNING," and "CAUTION") followed by specific instructions. These precautions are intended for the personal safety of the operator, user, servicer, and those maintaining the machine.

# DANGER

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will cause severe personal injury or death.

# WARNING

Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could cause severe personal injury or death.



# CAUTION

Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, may cause minor or moderate personal injury or property damage.

Additional precautionary statements ("IMPORTANT" and "NOTE") are followed by specific instructions.

IMPORTANT: The word "IMPORTANT" is used to inform the reader of specific procedures where minor machine damage will occur if the procedure is not followed.

NOTE: The word "NOTE" is used to communicate installation, operation, maintenance or servicing information that is important but not hazard related.

Safety signs and labels are also placed on the unit. Those signs and labels are limited messages. Where needed, further explanations are provided below. These signs are to be inspected for readability and replaced when missing, damaged, or unreadable. Refer to the *Maintenance* section of this manual for the periodic maintenance schedule. Refer to the parts manual for ordering information.



Los rodillos calientes pueden atraparle la mano o las prendas y causar lesiones graves. Deconecte immediatamente la calefaccion or y la electricidad antes de intentar extraer la ropa atascada. No toque los rodillos en movimiento ni las piezas calientes. **ATTENTION** Les rouleauz chauds peuvent attraper les mains et les vêtements et causer de sévères blessures. Stopper immédiatement le chauffage et l'énergie avant d'essayer de libérer le linge. Ne jamais être en contact avec les rouleaux en rotation ou les éléments chauds.

W807





W808



1300005 (EN)





Г				
	ATTENTION	IMPORTANT	IMPORTANTE	ACHTUNG
	- Utilizer imperationsmont band is knoppen du cylinder. Neur prefets pieces, engager alternationsmoth de paranta à archiu.	- Practice and the endite integrit of the optimizer, Fore adaptions, Fore adamsating     - Practice and the end of the machine where tangeneithan is not to Optimizer 100 Colding (17 FB Anterhold 12, Cold down the machine     - Never start by the machine where tangeneithan is not to optimizer adaption of the optizer adaption of the optimizer adaption of the optimizer adaption	- Ublicar toda la langittad del dilindim, bitvolucir lan piezas pequalas de rupa alternado de laquierda dencecha.     - Vio parar la maquina car una temperatura superior a URC. Enfort im maguina actis de determera.     - Vio parar la maquina car una temperatura superior a URC. A directar la maguina actis de determera.     - Loga para la macedimista de la midiar y di dilindim. Cada 2004 hara de tabajo es necesario:	- Bits nutures is de zure Zyliesforinge, Far kladen Steid, Almandh linkt zu nede kinnstenn.     - Bits Russkine is dez klade Steide Steide Steider. Stein des Almandh almän zur eine Steiner Steiner. Steine Steiner Steine S
	Se reporter á la notice d'entretien.	Please read the maintenance book for complete information.	Leer el libro de mantenimiento.	Bitte die technische Beschreibung lesen.
L				

W813

# ARRET D'URGENCE – STOP – EMERGENCY

FWF138N



# WARNING

- Failure to install, maintain, and/or operate this machine according to the manufacturer's instructions may result in conditions which can produce serious injury, death, and/or property damage.
- Do not repair or replace any part of the machine or attempt any servicing unless specifically recommended or published in this Installation/Operation Manual and that you are qualified to carry out.
- Whenever ground wires are removed during servicing, these ground wires must be reconnected to ensure that the machine is properly grounded and to reduce the risk of fire, electric shock, serious injury, or death.

W566

### **Safety Notice**

#### **CAUTION:** Note for installation.

The appliance, when installed, must be electrically grounded in accordance with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE, ANSI/NFPA 70, or Canadian Electrical Code, CSA C22.1.

The installation must comply with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the current National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1, or the current CAN/ CSA B149, Installation Codes.

The appliance and its appliance main gas valve must be disconnected from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressures in excess of 1/2 psi (3.5 kPa).

The appliance must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing the equipment shutoff valve during any pressure testing of the gas supply piping system at test pressures equal to or less than 1/2 psi (3.5 kPa).

The installation must include a 1/8 NPT pressure tap accessible for test gage connection immediately upstream of the gas supply connection to the finisher.

There must be provisions for adequate combustion and ventilation air, clearance around air openings intake combustion chamber and accessibility clearances for servicing and operation.

### **Important Safety Instructions**

**Save These Instructions** 

١٨/

### WARNING

To reduce the risk of fire, electric shock, serious injury or death to persons when using your flatwork finisher, read and follow these basic precautions:

- 1. Read all instructions before using the finisher.
- 2. Refer to the *Grounding Instructions* for the proper grounding of the finisher.
- 3. Do not iron articles that have been previously cleaned in, washed in, soaked in, or spotted with gasoline, dry cleaning solvents, or other flammable or explosive substances as they give off vapors that could ignite or explode.
- 4. Do not allow children to play on or around the finisher. Close supervision of children is necessary when the finisher is used near children. This is a safety rule for all appliances.
- 5. Check the operation of the safety finger guard at the beginning of every shift. Operating the safety guard should stop the finisher immediately. If this safety feature is not working properly, employees must shut off the finisher and notify the supervisor. Do not operate the finisher until the safety finger guard is repaired and working properly. Be sure that all other safety features, including guards and panels, are in place before operating the finisher.

- 6. Never service the finisher while it is running. Never reach over, under, or behind the safety finger guard or into any area near hot surfaces or moving parts without first shutting off the finisher at the switch and power source. Follow this rule whenever working on the finisher to avoid serious injury from the finisher's heat and/ or pressure.
- 7. Never try to remove, adjust, or straighten jammed or misfed linen while the finisher is running. Attempting to clear the jammed linen item can result in the user being caught in the linen and pulled into the finisher. If something is jammed in the finisher, turn off the power before attempting to correct the problem. Avoid contact with heated parts.
- 8. Protect yourself and fellow workers by making sure that everyone follows all the rules. Read and follow all safety labels and warnings. Learn all aspects of the equipment such as what is hot, which parts move, all safety shut-offs, and all emergency procedures. Do not come close to moving or heated parts. Do not wear loose clothing, sweaters, jewelry, or neck ties when near the finisher.
- 9. Frequent scheduled safety meetings are a must to review and update rules. If anyone is observed breaking the rules, the supervisor or manager should be notified immediately. Reporting people for rule breaking could save their lives or limbs.
- 10. Emergency shut-offs such as finger bars and emergency stop switches, should be painted red and clearly labeled.
- 11. Maintenance personnel should work in a buddy system for mutual protection when working on a finisher.
- 12. If in doubt, don't. Do not do anything until the supervisor or service-maintenance department has been contacted. Only qualified personnel should service the finisher.
- 13. Do not install or store the finisher where it will be exposed to water and/or weather.
- 14. Do not tamper with the controls.
- 15. Do not repair or replace any part of the finisher or attempt any servicing unless specifically recommended in this installation/operation manual.

- 16. To reduce the risk of fire, **DO NOT IRON** plastics or articles containing foam rubber or similarly textured rubber-like materials.
- 17. Keep area around the exhaust opening and adjacent surrounding area free from the accumulation of lint, dust, and dirt.
- 18. The interior of the finisher and the exhaust duct should be cleaned periodically by qualified service personnel.
- 19. If not installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions or if there is damage to or mishandling of this product's components, use of this product could expose you to substances in the fuel or from fuel combustion which can cause death or serious illness and which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.
- 20. Do not put articles soiled with vegetable or cooking oil in the finisher, as these oils may not be removed during washing. Due to the remaining oil, the fabric may catch on fire by itself.
- 21. To reduce the risk of fire, **DO NOT** put articles which have traces of any flammable substances such as machine oil, flammable chemicals, thinner, etc. or anything containing wax or chemicals such as in mops and cleaning cloths, or anything dry-cleaned at home with dry-cleaning solvent in the finisher.
- 22. **ALWAYS** disconnect the electrical power to the finisher before servicing. Disconnect power by shutting off appropriate breaker or fuse.

#### **Safety Information**

23. Install this finisher according to the *Installation* instructions in this manual. All connections for electrical power, grounding, and gas supply must comply with local codes and be made by licensed personnel when required.

# 

# WARNING

To prevent serious injury or death, read finisher manuals before installing, operating, maintaining, or cleaning the finisher.

W542



## WARNING

To AVOID possible serious injury, BEFORE maintenance or repair tasks:

- Disconnect all utilities such as gas, electricity and steam.
- Allow heated parts and surfaces to cool.

W567

# Installation

### **Pre-Installation Inspection**

Upon delivery, visually inspect the packaging and portions of the finisher that are visible through the packaging for shipping damage.

If the package or finisher is damaged or if signs of possible damage are evident, have the carrier note the condition on the shipping papers before the shipping receipt is signed, or advise the carrier of the condition as soon as it is discovered.

# **IMPORTANT:** Lift the box cover off the finisher and check the items listed on the packing list.

Advise the carrier of any damaged or missing articles as soon as possible. A written claim should be filed with the carrier immediately if articles are damaged or missing.

IMPORTANT: Warranty is void unless the finisher is installed according to instructions in this manual. Installation should comply with minimum specifications and requirements detailed in this manual and applicable local gas fitting regulations, municipal building codes, water supply regulations, electrical wiring regulations, and any other relevant statutory regulations. Due to varied requirements, applicable local codes should be thoroughly understood and all pre-installation arranged accordingly.

# WARNING

To prevent fire, explosion, or personal injury, this finisher may only be installed, adjusted, and started up by a team of qualified technicians.

It is strongly recommended that the purchaser be present during installation and the first tests.

The finisher must be installed in accordance with local and national regulations and in a well ventilated room. Refer to following sections for proper installation procedures.





Model	Weight
UD20F075	2035 lbs. (924 kg.)
UD20F098	2640 lbs. (1199 kg.)
UD20F126	3245 lbs. (1473 kg.)

### **Required Materials**

	One fused disconnect switch or branch circuit breaker (obtain locally)
All Models	Pry bar
	Three 3.5 inch (89 mm) to 4 inch (102 mm) rollers or pipes
Gas Models	One gas shut-off valve for gas service line to each finisher (obtain locally)
Steam Models	One steam inlet valve (obtain locally)

IMPORTANT: Keep finisher area clear and free from combustible materials, gasoline, and other flammable vapors and liquids.

### **Location Requirements**

WARNING

To prevent fire, explosion, or personal injury, this finisher may only be installed, adjusted, and started up by a team of qualified technicians.

W543

This machine must be installed in compliance with all local regulations and used only in a room with adequate ventilation air. Important, read manuals before installing, operating, servicing or cleaning machine. Min clearance from both combustible and noncombustible Construction; 4" from back, 20" from side.

Cet appareil doit être installé conformemént aux réglementations en vigueur et utilisé seulement dans un endroit bien aéré. Lire les notices avant d'installer, utiliser, entretenir ou nettoyer la machine. Espace mini entre machine et matière combustible ou non- combustible: arrière: 4", côté :20"

FWF141N

#### **IMPORTANT:** Transport finisher on skid until near area of desired installation. Reasonable care should be taken during installation.

Finisher is shipped with manual crank located on tray. Be certain to keep manual crank near machine for easy access.

# NOTE: With its trays removed, the finisher will fit through a 32 inch (813 mm) wide door.

To assure compliance, consult and adhere to building code requirements and comply with the following:

- The finisher must be installed in a very well ventilated room (especially when using gas heating) with correct lighting and an ambient temperature in the range from 32°F (0°C) to + 104°F (40°C).
- Leveling should be carried out correctly on a hard and stable floor surface, capable of supporting the weight of the finisher along the entire width of the machine. The floor must at least be able to support 150 lbs./ft<sup>2</sup> (732 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) for the installation of the finisher.
- The finisher MUST NOT be installed or stored in an area where it will be exposed to water and/or weather.

#### IMPORTANT: DO NOT block the airflow at the rear of the finisher with laundry or other articles. Doing so would prevent adequate air supply to the combustion chamber of the finisher.

Sufficient space must be left around the finisher to allow for its correct functioning.

- Allow at least 4 inches (102 mm) in the back to allow for ventilation.
- Allow 32 inches (813 mm) on each side for upkeep and maintenance.
- Allow sufficient space in front so that the operator can work efficiently and safely.

# Lifting the Finisher

The finisher should be moved with a forklift as close as possible to the area where it will be installed. Use a forklift of sufficient capacity to lift the packaged unit according to the following procedures.

#### IMPORTANT: DO NOT lift finisher with slings.

1. Position the forklift arms beneath the center of the unit (NOT toward either end) to lift the finisher at its center of gravity.

# **IMPORTANT:** Lifting the finisher from either side could cause misalignment and/or damage to the finisher.

2. Adjust the forklift arms to their maximum length and width and insert them all the way under the center of the skid. Refer to *Figure 3*.

#### **IMPORTANT:** The forklift arms must be inserted all the way under the center of the skid to avoid toppling the machine.



Figure 3

3. Use the forklift to carefully lift the packaged finisher. Refer to *Figure 4*.

IMPORTANT: DO NOT lift the unit more than 8 inches (203 mm) off the ground.



Figure 4

4. Move the packaged unit as close as possible to the area where the finisher will be installed. Follow the procedures in *Moving the Finisher with Rollers* section.

IMPORTANT: To prevent damage to finisher DO NOT turn the finisher over or let it drop when handling.

### Moving the Finisher with Rollers

At least three people and three 3.5 inch (89 mm) to 4 inch (102 mm) rollers or pipes are required to move the finisher from the skid to its final location according to the following procedures.

IMPORTANT: At least three people are required to move the finisher. Proper lifting and handling procedures must be followed to avoid damage to the finisher.

- 1. Follow the procedures in *Pre-Installation Inspection* section.
- 2. Remove the protective packing material.
- 3. Use a pry bar to remove the wood stops from the skid. Refer to *Figure 5*.



Figure 5

- 4. Remove the four shipping bolts from the bottom of the finisher on the inside of the side panels where they attach to the skid.
- 5. Place two rollers on the ground next to the finisher. Refer to *Figure 6*.
- 6. Place the third roller on the ground ahead of the first two rollers and past the end of the finisher.
- 7. Slowly lower the finisher off the skid and onto the first two rollers, exercising care to keep the unit level. Refer to *Figure 6*.

**IMPORTANT: DO NOT let go of the finisher at any point in the moving process.** 

NOTE: If the distance between the skid and the rollers is too far to move the finisher safely onto the rollers, make another "step" by placing blocks of wood between the skid and the rollers. The wood should be level and shorter than the skid but taller than the rollers. Gradually step the finisher down onto the blocks of wood and then again onto the rollers.



Figure 6

8. Slowly roll the finisher forward so that it comes off the first roller, stays on the second roller, and moves onto the third roller. Refer to *Figure 7*.



Figure 7

9. Level the finisher from right to left and front to back. Verify right to left level by checking the level of the heated roll, not the cabinet.

## **Electrical Requirements**

# WARNING

To reduce the risk of electric shock, fire, explosion, serious injury or death:

- Disconnect electric power to the flatwork finisher before servicing.
- Close gas shut-off valve to gas flatwork finisher before servicing.
- Close steam valve to steam flatwork finisher before servicing.
- Never start the flatwork finisher with any guards/panels removed.
- Whenever ground wires are removed during servicing, these ground wires must be reconnected to ensure that the flatwork finisher is properly grounded.

To reduce the risk of fire and electric shock, check with a qualified serviceman for proper grounding procedures. Improper connection of the equipment grounding conductor may result in a risk of electric shock.

W068

IMPORTANT: Electrical connections must be made by a qualified electrician using data on serial plate, installation manuals and wiring diagram provided with machine and according to local electrical codes. Install a branch circuit breaker as close to the flatwork finisher as possible. If more than one flatwork finisher is being installed, a branch circuit breaker must be provided for each.

**NOTE:** Connect machine to an individual branch circuit not shared with lighting or other equipment.

# WARNING

In case of servicing (or putting the flatwork finisher out of order), disconnect the flatwork finisher from the main supply by switching off the branch circuit breaker.

W816R1

#### **Grounding Instructions**

NOTE: To ensure protection against shock, this flatwork finisher MUST be electrically grounded in accordance with the local electrical codes, or in the absence of local electrical codes, with the latest edition of the National Electrical Code ANSI/NFPA No. 70. In Canada the electrical connections are to be made in accordance with CSA C22.1 latest edition Canadian Electrical Code, or local electrical codes. Electrical work should be done by a qualified electrician.

This flatwork finisher must be grounded. In the event of malfunction or breakdown, grounding will reduce the risk of electric shock by providing a path of least resistance for electric current. This flatwork finisher must be connected to a grounded metal, permanent wiring system; or an equipment grounding conductor must be run with the circuit conductors and connected to the appropriate ground location.



# WARNING

To reduce the risk of electrical shock, de-energize the electrical circuit being connected to the flatwork finisher before making any electrical connections. All electrical connections should be made by a qualified electrician. Never attempt to connect a live circuit.

W817

# CAUTION

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

W071

V

#### **Electrical Connection**

For U.S. and Canada only – NOTE: Branch circuit protection must be provided for the flatwork finishers and be installed in accordance with the National Electrical Code NFPA 70 (in Canada, in accordance with CSA C22.1). Please refer to the tables below for rating and supply requirements (wire size).

For CE only – NOTE: Adequate circuit protection must be provided for the flatwork finishers and be

installed in accordance with regional electrical codes.

IMPORTANT: Electrical specifications in *Tables 1*, 2 and 3 are subject to change without notice. Always refer to product serial plate for most current specifications of product being installed.

**NOTE: Use copper conductors only.** 

NOTE: Connect to individual branch circuit breaker.

	Electric Models							
Serial Plate Rating	Model	Wire Size	Branch Circuit Breaker	Full Load Amps				
	UD20F075	4 x 2 AWG (4 x 25 mm <sup>2</sup> )	110	87				
230/50/3 and 208/240/60/3	UD20F098	4 x 1/0 AWG (4 x 70 mm <sup>2</sup> )	150	114				
	UD20F126	4 x 3/0 AWG (4 x 95 mm <sup>2</sup> )	200	151				
	UD20F075	5 x 4 AWG (5 x 25 mm <sup>2</sup> )	70	50				
400/50/3+N	UD20F098	5 x 4 AWG (5 x 25 mm <sup>2</sup> )	80	62				
	UD20F126	5 x 2 AWG (5 x 35 mm <sup>2</sup> )	110	86				

#### Table 1

All Gas Models								
Serial Plate Rating	Wire Size	Branch Circuit Breaker	Full Load Amps					
120/60/1	3 x 14 AWG (3 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> )	15	7.5					
230/50/3	4 x 14 AWG (4 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> )	15	5.1					
400/50/3+N	5 x 14 AWG (5 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> )	15	4.3					

#### Table 2

All Steam Models								
Serial Plate Rating Wire Size Branch Circuit Breaker Full								
120/60/1	3 x 14 AWG (3 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> )	15	3.5					
230/50/3	4 x 14 AWG (4 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> )	15	3					
400/50/3	5 x 14 AWG (5 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> )	15	2.2					

### **Gas Connection**

IMPORTANT: The installation must comply with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the current National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 in the U.S.A., or the current CAN/CSA B149, Installation Codes in Canada.

**IMPORTANT:** Be certain finisher is configured for type of gas being used. Refer to *Gas Conversion* section for additional information.

Install a shut-off valve to isolate gas connections from rest of installation. Gas models must be connected to the existing gas pipes. The gas supply pipe size must have sufficient dimensions to minimize pressure loss. Obtain specific gas supply pipe size from the gas supplier. Refer to *Table 4* for general pipe size.

When connecting to a gas line, an equipment shut-off valve must be installed within 6 feet (1.8 m) of the finisher. A 1/8 inch NPT pipe plug must be installed as shown. Refer to *Figure 8*.

	Gas Pipe Size Required for 1000 Btu Natural Gas — 0.64 Specific Gravity at 7 + 1 5 inches (17 4 + 4 mbar, 1 74 + 0 37 kPa) Water Column Pressure								
	Equivalent Length								
Gas	25 feet (7.63 m)	50 feet (15.25 m)	75 feet (22.88 m)	100 feet (30.50 m)	125 feet (38.13 m)	150 feet (45.75 m)			
Total Btu/hr.	Based on 0.3 in. Water Column Pressure Drop for Length Given Sizes shown in inches (mm)								
100,000	0.75 (19.05)	0.75 (19.05)	1 (25.40)	1 (25.40)	1 (25.40)	1 (25.40)			
120,000	0.75 (19.05)	1 (25.40)	1 (25.40)	1 (25.40)	1 (25.40)	1 (25.40)			
140,000	0.75 (19.05)	1 (25.40)	1 (25.40)	1 (25.40)	1 (25.40)	1.25 (31.75)			
160,000	0.75 (19.05)	1 (25.40)	1 (25.40)	1.25 (31.75)	1.25 (31.75)	1.25 (31.75)			
180,000	1 (25.40)	1 (25.40)	1 (25.40)	1.25 (31.75)	1.25 (31.75)	1.25 (31.75)			
200,000	1 (25.40)	1 (25.40)	1.25 (31.75)	1.25 (31.75)	1.25 (31.75)	1.5 (38.10)			
300,000	1 (25.40)	1.25 (31.75)	1.25 (31.75)	1.5 (38.10)	1.5 (38.10)	1.5 (38.10)			
400,000	1.25 (31.75)	1.25 (31.75)	1.5 (38.10)	1.5 (38.10)	1.5 (38.10)	2 (50.80)			
500,000	1.25 (31.75)	1.5 (38.10)	1.5 (38.10)	2 (50.80)	2 (50.80)	2 (50.80)			
600,000	1.5 (38.10)	1.5 (38.10)	2 (50.80)	2 (50.80)	2 (50.80)	2 (50.80)			
700,000	1.5 (38.10)	2 (50.80)	2 (50.80)	2 (50.80)	2 (50.80)	2.5 (63.50)			
800,000	1.5 (38.10)	2 (50.80)	2 (50.80)	2 (50.80)	2.5 (63.50)	2.5 (63.50)			
900,000	2 (50.80)	2 (50.80)	2 (50.80)	2.5 (63.50)	2.5 (63.50)	2.5 (63.50)			
1,000,000	2 (50.80)	2 (50.80)	2 (50.80)	2.5 (63.50)	2.5 (63.50)	2.5 (63.50)			

Table 4

# Gas Technical Specifications for CE Models

$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Country	Gas Category	Gas Designation	Pressure (mbar)
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c } \hline G25 & 20 \\ \hline I3P & G31 & 50 \\ \hline I3P & G31 & 50 \\ \hline AT/DK/FI/IT/SE & I2H & G20 & 20 \\ \hline IE/PT/GB/GR & II2H3P & G20 & 20 \\ \hline G31 & 37 \\ \hline CH/ES & II2H3P & G20 & 20 \\ \hline G31 & 37 \\ and 50 \\ \hline BE & I2E+ & G20 & 20 \\ \hline G25 & 25 \\ \hline I3P & G31 & 37 \\ \hline FR & II2Esi3P & G20 & 20 \\ \hline G25 & 25 \\ \hline G31 & 37 \\ and 50 \\ \hline LU & II2E3P & G20 & 20 \\ \hline G31 & 50 \\ \hline NL & II2L3P & G25 & 25 \\ \hline G21 & 50 \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	DE	I2ELL	G20	20
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c } \hline I3P & G31 & 50 \\ \hline I3P & G20 & 20 \\ \hline I2PT/GB/GR & II2H3P & G20 & 20 \\ \hline G31 & 37 \\ \hline CH/ES & II2H3P & G20 & 20 \\ \hline G31 & 37 \\ \hline G31 & 37 \\ \hline G31 & 37 \\ \hline G25 & 25 \\ \hline I3P & G31 & 37 \\ \hline FR & II2Esi3P & G20 & 20 \\ \hline G25 & 25 \\ \hline G31 & 37 \\ \hline G25 & 25 \\ \hline G31 & 37 \\ \hline G31 & 37 \\ \hline G31 & 37 \\ \hline S0 \\ \hline NL & II2L3P & G25 & 25 \\ \hline G21 & 50 \\ \hline \end{tabular}$			G25	20
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		I3P	G31	50
IE/PT/GB/GR         II2H3P         G20         20           G31         37           CH/ES         II2H3P         G20         20           G31         37 and 50         37 and 50           BE         I2E+         G20         20           BE         I2E+         G20         20           FR         I3P         G31         37           FR         II2Esi3P         G20         20           G31         37 and 50         25           IU         II2Esi3P         G20         20           G31         37 and 50         25         25           IU         II2E3P         G20         20           G31         37 and 50         25         25           IU         II2E3P         G20         20           G31         50         50         50           NL         II2L3P         G25         25	AT/DK/FI/IT/SE	I2H	G20	20
G31         37           CH/ES         II2H3P         G20         20           G31         37 and 50         G31         37 and 50           BE         I2E+         G20         20           G25         25         13P         G31         37           FR         II2Esi3P         G20         20         20           G31         37         37         G25         25           G31         37 and 50         G25         25           G31         37 and 50         G31         37 and 50           LU         II2E3P         G20         20           G31         50         S0         S0           NL         II2L3P         G25         25	IE/PT/GB/GR	II2H3P	G20	20
CH/ES         II2H3P         G20         20           G31         37 and 50           BE         I2E+         G20         20           G25         25           I3P         G31         37           FR         II2Esi3P         G20         20           G25         25         55           G31         37 and 50         37 and 50           LU         II2E3P         G20         20           G31         37 and 50         50           NL         II2L3P         G25         25           G31         50         50			G31	37
G31         37 and 50           BE         I2E+         G20         20           G25         25         13P         G31         37           FR         II2Esi3P         G20         20         20           G25         25         25         13P         G31         37           FR         II2Esi3P         G20         20         20         13P         G25         25         13P           LU         II2E3P         G20         20         20         13P         137 and 50         13P         137 and 50         13P         130         137 and 50         13P         13P	CH/ES	II2H3P	G20	20
BE         I2E+         G20         20           G25         25         25           I3P         G31         37           FR         II2Esi3P         G20         20           G25         25         631         37           LU         II2E3P         G20         20           G31         37 and 50         20         631         50           NL         II2L3P         G25         25			G31	37 and 50
G25         25           I3P         G31         37           FR         II2Esi3P         G20         20           G25         25         25           G31         37 and 50         37           LU         II2E3P         G20         20           G31         37 and 50         31         50           NL         II2L3P         G25         25	BE	I2E+	G20	20
I3P         G31         37           FR         II2Esi3P         G20         20           G25         25         G31         37 and 50           LU         II2E3P         G20         20           G31         37 and 50         G31         50           NL         II2L3P         G25         25			G25	25
FR         II2Esi3P         G20         20           G25         25         37 and 50         37 and 50           LU         II2E3P         G20         20           G31         37 and 50         37         37           NL         II2L3P         G25         25           G31         50         50         50		I3P	G31	37
G25         25           G31         37 and 50           LU         II2E3P         G20         20           G31         50         50           NL         II2L3P         G25         25	FR	II2Esi3P	G20	20
G31         37 and 50           LU         II2E3P         G20         20           G31         50           NL         II2L3P         G25         25           G31         50			G25	25
LU II2E3P G20 20 G31 50 NL II2L3P G25 25 C21 50			G31	37 and 50
G31         50           NL         II2L3P         G25         25           G31         50         50         50	LU	II2E3P	G20	20
NL II2L3P G25 25			G31	50
C21 50	NL	II2L3P	G25	25
051 50			G31	50

Table 5

#### **Inlet Pressure**

Use a manometer to verify that the inlet pressure meets the following requirements:

**Natural Gas** service must be supplied at  $7.0 \pm 1.5$  inch water column pressure  $(1.74 \pm 0.37 \text{ kPa})$ .

**L.P. (Liquefied Petroleum) Gas** service must be supplied at  $11 \pm 0.3$  inch water column pressure  $(2.74 \pm 0.07 \text{ kPa})$ .

#### **Manifold Pressure**

To check manifold pressure, use a manometer to verify that the settings of the gas valve correspond with the type of gas being used.

- 1. Connect the manometer to the pressure connection located on top of the gas valve while the burner is ignited.
- 2. Read the manometer to determine the pressure of the gas. The measured gas pressure must be equal to the pressure indicated on the finisher's serial plate.
- 3. Install a pressure regulator valve (obtain locally), suited for the nature and flow rate of the gas used, in the tube system near the finisher.



Figure 8

## **Gas Conversion**

NOTE: DO NOT connect the finisher to L.P. Gas Service without converting the gas valve. An L.P. Gas Conversion kit must be installed by the Manufacturer's Authorized Dealers, Distributors, or qualified service personnel.

# **NOTE:** Instructions for installing gas conversion kit can be found inside left frame of finisher.

To convert the finisher to another type of gas, change the orifice, adjust the air shutter, and install the required gas conversion kit for the gas valve.

To change the orifice:

- 1. Remove the screws that hold the electrical cabinet in position on the left side.
- 2. Swing the electrical cabinet open to access its interior from the left.
- 3. Use a wrench to remove the main orifice. Refer to *Figure 9*.





4. Insert a new orifice that meets the requirements for the new type of gas.

To adjust the air shutter:

- 1. Refer to *Table 6, Table 7* and *Figure 10* to determine the adjustment and flow rate.
- 2. Adjust the air shutter according to the requirements for the new type of gas.

To install the gas conversion kit:

- 1. Make sure you have the correct conversion kit.
- 2. Follow the installation instructions that are included with the kit.



Figure 10

# Adjustments and Flow Rates for Non-CE Models

Gas Type	Natural Gas				Propane Gas		
Model	Model UD20F075 UD20F098 U		UD20F126	UD20F075	UD20F098	UD20F126	
Manifold Pressure	4.015 in. WC (10 mbar)	4.015 in. WC (10 mbar)	3.81 in. WC (9.5 mbar)	10.35 in. WC (25.8 mbar)	10.24 in. WC (25.5 mbar)	10.24 in. WC (25.5 mbar)	
Injector Orifice Size	0.2165 in. (5 mm) #3 Drill	0.2520 in. (6.4 mm) 1/4 or #E Drill	0.2795 in. (7.1 mm) #J Drill	0.1378 in. (3.5 mm) #29 Drill	0.1614 in. (4.1 mm) #20 Drill	0.1732 in. (4.4 mm) #17 Drill	
Air Adjustment "d"	max	max	max	max	max	max	
Burner Flow Rate ft <sup>3</sup> /hr. (m <sup>3</sup> /hr.)	135.1 (3.82)	185.7 (5.26)	233.2 (6.60)	54.6 (1.55)	75.05 (2.13)	94.2 (2.67)	
Input Btu/hr. (kW)	136453 (40)	187623 (55)	235495 (69)	136453 (40)	187623 (55)	235495 (69)	

Table 6

# Adjustments and Flow Rates for CE Models

Gas Type	Gas Type G20				G25				
Model	UD20F075	UD20F098	UD20F126	UD20F075	UD20F098	UD20F126	UD20F075	UD20F098	UD20F126
Manifold Pressure	20	20	20	20	20	20	25	25	25
Injector Orifice Size	0.185 in. (4.7 mm)	0.217 in. (5.5 mm)	0.244 in. (6.2 mm)	0.200 in. (5.1 mm)	0.244 in. (6.2 mm)	0.272 in. (6.9 mm)	0.193 in. (4.9 mm)	0.228 in. (5.8 mm)	0.256 in. (6.5 mm)
Air Adjustment "d"	0.709 in. (18 mm)	0.709 in. (18 mm)	0.709 in. (18 mm)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burner flow rate ft <sup>3</sup> /hr. (m <sup>3</sup> /hr.)	148.32 (4.2)	204.82 (5.8)	257.8 (7.3)	173.04 (4.9)	240.14 (6.8)	300.17 (8.5)	173.04 (4.9)	240.14 (6.8)	300.17 (8.5)
Input Btu/hr. (kW)	136607 (40)	187834 (55)	235647 (69)	136607 (40)	187834 (55)	235647 (69)	136607 (40)	187834 (55)	235647 (69)

Gas Type	G31					
Model	UD20F075	UD20F098	UD20F126	UD20F075	UD20F098	UD20F126
Manifold Pressure	37	37	37	50	50	50
Injector Orifice	0.126 in.	0.146 in.	0.161 in.	0.118 in.	0.134 in.	0.150 in.
Size	(3.2 mm)	(3.7 mm)	(4.1 mm)	(3 mm)	(3.4 mm)	(3.8 mm)
Air Adjustment "d"	0.709 in.					
	(18 mm)					
Burner flow rate ft <sup>3</sup> /hr. (m <sup>3</sup> /hr.)	109.48	151.85	197.76	109.48	151.85	197.76
	(3.1)	(4.3)	(5.6)	(3.1)	(4.3)	(5.6)
Input Btu/hr. (kW)	136607	187834	235647	136607	187834	235647
	(40)	(55)	(69)	(40)	(55)	(69)

Table 7

### **Exhaust Requirements**

# WARNING

Finisher produces combustible lint. To reduce the risk of fire, the finisher must be exhausted to the outdoors.

To reduce the risk of fire and accumulation of combustible gases, DO NOT exhaust finisher air into a window well, gas vent, chimney or enclosed, unventilated area such as an attic wall, ceiling, crawl space under a building, or concealed space of a building.

W545

Whenever possible, install the finisher along an outside wall where duct length can be kept to a minimum and make-up air can be easily accessed. Construction must not block the airflow at the rear of the finisher. Doing so would prevent adequate air supply to the finisher combustion chamber.

#### **IMPORTANT: Provisions must be made for make**up air.

#### NOTE: At a minimum, the National Fuel Gas Code requires finishers to have at least 1 square inch (6.5 sq. cm) of opening for every 1000 Btu/hr. of input rating for proper combustion.

**IMPORTANT: Do not obstruct flow of combustion and ventilation air.** 

The air flow necessary for combustion is shown in *Table 8*.

Туре	UD20F075	UD20F098	UD20F126
cfm	2 x 360*	2 x 360	2 x 360

\* Only one motor on model UD20F075.

Table 8

#### NOTE: For steam and gas models, use two separate outlets that are at least 6 inches (152 mm) each or use a single outlet duct that has a diameter of at least 12 inches (305 mm).

The exhaust outlet on the finisher has a diameter of 6 inches (152 mm). Using the shortest possible path, connect the exhaust outlet to an outlet duct.

# **IMPORTANT:** Outlet ducts used for the finisher's exhaust may under no circumstances be shared with other devices.

The maximum static back pressure is 1.6 W.C.I. (4 mbar).

#### **Individual Venting**

For maximum efficiency and performance, it is required to exhaust finisher(s) individually to the outdoors.

# **IMPORTANT:** At no point may the cross sectional area of installed venting be less than the cross sectional area of the exhaust outlet of the finisher.

The exhaust duct must be designed so the static back pressure measured 12 inches (305 mm) from the exhaust outlet does not exceed the maximum allowable pressure.

# NOTE: Static back pressure must be measured with the finisher running.

The maximum allowable length venting of the same diameter as the exhaust thimble is 14 feet (4.3 m) and two 90° elbows or equivalent. If the equivalent length of a duct required for an installation exceeds the maximum allowable equivalent length, the diameter of a round duct must be increased by 10% for each additional 20 feet (6.1 m). Cross section area of a rectangular duct must be increased by 20% for each additional 20 feet (6.1 m). Refer to *Table 9* to determine equivalent venting.

Duct Diameter	Equivalent Length of Straight Duct	
4 in. (102 mm)	One $90^{\circ}$ elbow = 6 ft. (1.8 m)	
6 in. (152 mm)	One $90^{\circ}$ elbow = 7 ft. (2.1 m)	
8 in. (203 mm)	One $90^{\circ}$ elbow = 9.3 ft. (2.83 m)	
10 in. (254 mm)	One $90^{\circ}$ elbow = 11.6 ft. (3.5 m)	
12 in. (305 mm)	One $90^{\circ}$ elbow = 14 ft. (4.3 m)	
14 in. (356 mm)	One $90^{\circ}$ elbow = 16 ft. (4.9 m)	
16 in. (406 mm)	One $90^{\circ}$ elbow = 18.7 ft. (5.7 m)	
18 in. (457 mm)	One $90^{\circ}$ elbow = 21 ft. (6.4 m)	
Equivalent Length (feet) = $1.17 \text{ x Duct Diameter (inches)}$		

#### Table 9

Example: A 12 inch (305 mm) diameter duct's equivalent length of 14 feet (4.3 m) of duct and two 90° elbows is:

Equivalent Length =  $14 \text{ feet} + (2) 90^{\circ} \text{ elbows}$ = 14 feet + 14 feet + 14 feet= 42 feet (12.8 meters)

With the finisher in operation, airflow at any point in the duct should be at least 1200 feet per minute (366 meters per minute) to ensure that lint remains airborne. If 1200 feet per minute cannot be maintained, schedule monthly inspections and cleaning of the ductwork.



Figure 11

### **Steam Connection**

Steam models must operate at 145 psig (10 bar) with the temperature of the ironing cylinder at  $356^{\circ}$ F (180°C).

Model	UD20F075	UD20F098	UD20F126
Hourly lbs./hr.	110	148	187
Consumption	(50)	(67)	(85)
(Hourly kg/hr.			
Consumption)			

#### **Steam Connection Locations**

- The steam connection is located on the back of the finisher.
- The steam inlet is a 3/4 inch pipe located on the right side of the finisher.
- The steam outlet is a 1/2 inch pipe located on the right side of the finisher.

NOTE: A small connection to the drain is required with a flexible tube approximately ½ inch in diameter.

**IMPORTANT:** Insulate the steam supply and return lines for the safety of anyone operating or servicing the finisher.

IMPORTANT: All system components must have a 200 psig (14 bar) working pressure. Shut-off gate valves must be installed upstream of the steam solenoid valve and downstream of each steam trap so components can be isolated for maintenance or emergency purposes.

**IMPORTANT: All components (solenoid valve, traps) must be supported to minimize loads on the finisher's steam connections.** 

#### **Steam Connection Requirements**

- Obtain specific steam service pipe sizes from a steam system supplier or a qualified steam fitter.
- To prevent condensate draining from headers to finisher, piping should have a minimum 12 inch (305 mm) rise above the respective header.
   DO NOT make a steam connection to the header with a horizontal or downward facing tee or elbows.
- Whenever possible, horizontal runs of steam lines must drain (by gravity) to the respective steam header. Water pockets, or an improperly drained steam header will provide wet steam, causing improper operation of the finisher. If pockets or improper drainage cannot be eliminated, install a bypass trap to drain condensate from the low point in the steam header to the return.
- In the steam supply and steam return lines, it is recommended that each have a pipe union and globe valve for disconnection of the steam.
- Install a vacuum breaker, an inverted bucket trap (with built-in strainer), and a check valve. For successful operation of the finisher, install the trap 18 inches (457 mm) below the inlet and as close to the finisher as possible. Inspect the trap carefully for inlet and outlet markings and install according to the trap manufacturer's instructions. If steam is gravity returned to the boiler, omit the trap but install the vacuum breaker and check valve in the return line near the finisher. Gravity return requires the entire return plumbing to be below the finisher steam outlets.
- Install the union and shut-off valve in the return line and make the final pipe connections to the return header.

NOTE: To prevent water hammering, route the return lines below the steam outlets.

# First Start-Up

- 1. Verify that the finisher is stable and level. Use the heated roll to check level, not the cabinet.
- 2. Check that all connections and exhausts are correctly established.
- 3. Check that the finisher is properly grounded.
- 4. Remove top panel and remove transport bracket. Refer to *Figure 12*.



Figure 12

- 5. Remove wax paper from cylinder, if applicable.
  - a. Remove protective paper from below feeding table. Refer to *Figure 13*.



Figure 13

b. Remove protective paper manually. Be especially careful around separation blade and temperature sensor. Refer to *Figures 14, 15* and *16*.



Figure 14



Figure 15



Figure 16

#### Installation

c. Turn roll with crank handle. Refer to *Figure 17*.



Figure 17

d. Guide protective paper out of machine. Refer to *Figure 18*.



Figure 18

e. Completely remove protective paper. Refer to *Figure 19*.



Figure 19

- Inspect thermostat holder and make sure it is touching the cylinder. Refer to *Thermostat Inspection* section.
- 7. Check that all controls are in position 0 (OFF) and that the speed regulator knob is set to the minimum position.
- 8. Turn the circuit breaker to position 1 (ON).
- 9. On electromechanical models, press the green Power On button and hold for 1 to 2 seconds.

On microprocessor models, press START keypad.

10. For 3-phase models, check that the exhaust fans are rotating in the direction indicated by the arrows shown on the fans. If exhaust fans are rotating in wrong direction, the electrical connection at L1, L2 or L3 terminals must be changed.

# **IMPORTANT:** Finisher will not heat if exhaust fans are not rotating in proper direction.

11. Check that the feeding ribbons are rotating in the direction toward the interior of the finisher.

# **IMPORTANT:** Take care not to touch or go near a moving part.

- 12. Place all panels back on the finisher.
- 13. Turn the heat switch to position 1 (ON).
- 14. Check that the temperature of the finisher rises.
- 15. Adjust the temperature selection knob or steam inlet pressure (steam models) according to the type of fabric and dampness level of the material being ironed.
- 16. When the ironing cylinder reaches the selected temperature and the heat indicator light turns off, proceed to perform an ironing test.

#### NOTE: The cylinder is coated with wax when leaving the factory, so perform a first ironing test using worn linen.

- 17. Place the worn linen flat on the input tray and allow it to be pulled into the finisher by the feeding ribbons.
- 18. Adjust the speed by turning the speed regulator knob left to reduce speed or right to increase speed.
- 19. Make sure that the sample linen comes out completely dry and with a perfect sheen. If it doesn't, either increase the temperature or reduce the ironing speed.

NOTE: If display shows AL1, an air vacuum switch error has occured. Refer to *Maintenance* section for further information.

# Operation

### Operating Instructions for Microprocessor Models Starting October 2003

#### **Operating Controls**





To avoid possible serious injury, ALWAYS read and become familiar with operating instructions before operating flatwork finisher.





#### **Pre-Operating Procedures**

#### NOTE: All maintenance must always be carried out when the machine is stopped, the cylinder is cold, and the circuit breaker is turned off.

Perform the following procedures daily before starting the finisher.

- 1. Inspect the area between the thermostat and the cylinder by gently pressing on the thermostat holder so the thermostat lifts up.
- 2. Clean area if debris is present.
- 3. Check that the thermostat holder touches the cylinder.

#### **Operating Instructions**

To identify the finisher's controls, refer to Figure 20.

# **IMPORTANT:** The flatwork finishers are for professional use and must be operated by qualified personnel.

- 1. Perform Pre-Operating Procedures.
- 2. Press START keypad. Indicators will light, current temperature and preset speed will be displayed, blower fan starts, cylinder rotates, and after 15 seconds, the finisher will begin to heat.
- 3. Check that the feeding ribbons are rotating in direction toward interior of finisher.
- 4. Check the operation of the finger guard safety panel by touching the panel. If finisher does not stop, press STOP keypad, discontinue use and call a qualified service person.
- 5. Press START keypad.
- 6. Choose an ironing speed between 1 and 7 by pressing either the increase ironing speed or decrease ironing speed keypads. The current speed is displayed in the speed display. The current speed does not need to be reset after power failure.

When finisher is started, if the preset speed is set between 1 and 7, the cylinder will rotate at speed 1, regardless of the preset speed, while the detected temperature remains below the preheat operating temperature (266°F [130°C] by default). Once the preheat operating temperature has been reached, the preset speed will be activated. If the temperature drops below the preheat operating temperature during operation, the speed will readjust to speed 1.

#### NOTE: To perfectly dry and put sheen on the laundry, the speed must be adjusted according to the type of fabric and dampness level of the material being ironed.

7. View preset temperature by pressing SET keypad. Adjust temperature by pressing increase preset temperature keypad or decrease preset temperature keypad according to the type of fabric and dampness level of the material being ironed. The new temperature is stored after three seconds.

Temperature display will then display current temperature. The maximum temperature value is established by the manufacturer.

# NOTE: On electric models, the heat will turn on and off while finisher is heating.

 View temperature display. For best performance, begin ironing 5° before preset temperature is reached (for example, if preset temperature is 350°F [176°C], begin ironing at 345°F [173°C]). Refer to *Heating* section for information on heating the cylinder.

# IMPORTANT: The working temperature varies depending on the fabric being ironed but must never exceed a constant temperature of 356°F (180°C).

- 9. Place the linen flat on the input tray and allow it to be automatically pulled into the finisher by the feeding ribbons. Refer to *Maintenance* section for information on adjusting tension of the feeding and return ribbons.
- 10. When the work is almost completed, press the STOP keypad. Finisher will stop automatically when the temperature of the cylinder is less or equal to the programmed stop temperature (default is 176°F [80°C]).

IMPORTANT: Never remove power from the machine when the temperature is equal to or higher than 176°F (80°C). This may cause damage to the feeding and return ribbons. Refer to *Breakdown Procedures* section for steps required when power failure occurs.

#### Operation

IMPORTANT: When ironing smaller sized articles, make sure to work along the length of the finisher, maintaining a consistent usage of each of the return ribbons. Doing this will prolong the life of the return ribbons.

- 11. Remove the finished linen from the output tray.
- 12. Hang or fold ironed linen as soon as possible to preserve finish.

**IMPORTANT:** Do not leave damp linen in the finisher as this will cause the cylinder to rust.

### Operating Instructions for Electromechanical Models Through September 2003

#### **Operating Controls**

# WARNING

To avoid serious injury BEFORE operating flatwork finisher, ALL personnel MUST be trained on safe operation.

# WARNING

Ω

To avoid possible serious injury, ALWAYS read and become familiar with operating instructions before operating flatwork finisher.

W547



Figure 21

### **Pre-Operating Procedures**

#### NOTE: All maintenance must always be carried out when the machine is stopped, the cylinder is cold, and the circuit breaker is turned off.

Perform the following procedures daily before starting the finisher:

- 1. Inspect the area between the thermostat and the cylinder by gently pressing on the thermostat holder so the thermostat lifts up.
- 2. Clean area if debris is present.
- 3. Check that the thermostat holder touches the cylinder.

### **Operating Instructions**

To identify the finisher's controls, refer to Figure 21.

# **IMPORTANT:** The flatwork finishers are for professional use and must be operated by qualified personnel.

- 1. Perform Pre-Operating Procedures.
- 2. Check that all controls are in position 0 (OFF), and that the speed regulator knob is set to the minimum position.
- 3. Turn the circuit breaker to position 1 (ON).
- 4. Press the green Power On button and hold down for 1 to 2 seconds.
- 5. Check that the feeding ribbons are rotating in direction toward interior of finisher.
- 6. Check the operation of the finger guard safety panel by touching the panel. If finisher does not stop, press Power Off button, discontinue use and call a qualified service person.
- 7. Press the green Power On button and hold down for 1 to 2 seconds.
- 8. Turn the heat switch to position 1 (ON).
- 9. Adjust the temperature selection button according to the type of fabric and dampness level of the material being ironed. Press SET button once (OUT light will flash). Press UP button to increase the temperature. Press DOWN button to decrease the temperature.

#### NOTE: The temperature is displayed constantly and will not exceed (within a few degrees) the programmed temperature.

10. Wait until the ironing cylinder reaches a temperature close to the selected temperature.

The heat indicator light turns off when the required temperature is reached.

IMPORTANT: The working temperature varies depending on the fabric being ironed but must never exceed a constant temperature of 356°F (180°C).

#### IMPORTANT: For steam machines, the steam inlet valve must be opened very slowly to avoid damaging the rotating housings.

- 11. Place the linen flat on the input tray and allow it to be automatically pulled into the finisher by the feeding ribbons. Refer to *Maintenance* section for information on adjusting tension of the feeding and return ribbons.
- 12. Turn the speed regulator knob left to reduce speed or right to increase speed.
  - Left = Reduce Speed
  - Right = Increase Speed

#### NOTE: To perfectly dry and put sheen on the laundry, the speed must be adjusted according to the type of fabric and dampness level of the material being ironed.

13. When the work is almost completed, turn the heat switch to position 0 (OFF) about 20 minutes before finishing ironing to allow the cylinder to cool gradually. Once the ironing has been completed, allow the finisher to continue to run for about 20 to 30 minutes to allow the finisher to dry.

# IMPORTANT: Never stop the machine when the temperature is equal to or higher than 356°F (180°C). This may cause damage to the feeding and return ribbons.

IMPORTANT: When ironing smaller sized articles, make sure to work along the length of the finisher, maintaining a consistent usage of each of the return ribbons. Doing this will prolong the life of the return ribbons.

- 14. Remove the finished linen from the output tray.
- 15. Hang or fold ironed linen as soon as possible to preserve finish.

# **IMPORTANT: Do not leave damp linen in the finisher, as this will cause the cylinder to rust.**

16. Press the red Power Off button to shut down the finisher.

# **Regulating the Cylinder Heat**

#### Electrical Heating

To heat the cylinder with electric heat, the current is modified through one or two groups of resistors controlled by the heating switches.

#### Heating by one resistor group

When the finisher is set up to work with one resistor group, a special control function for closing and opening the heating relay switch around the set point is activated. When activated, the cylinder is able to reach and maintain the preset temperature and thermal overshoot is avoided.

When heating is activated, the decimal point on the temperature display lights up.

#### Heating by two resistor groups

When the finisher is set up to work with two resistor groups, the temperature is regulated by the first group as described above, while the second resistor group operates continuously when the cylinder temperature is less than the preset temperature. The second resistor turns off when the preset temperature is reached.

When heating is activated, the decimal point on the temperature display lights up. When only one resistor group is activated, the decimal point will blink.

#### Gas Heating

To heat the cylinder with gas heat, the finisher is fitted with a microprocessor that controls the ignition and the gas heater when the temperature is lower than the preset temperature. If necessary, the gas heater is reset by turning finisher off or when pressure switch returns to the normal position after correcting an insufficient air flow condition. Refer to *Alarms* section for additional information on insufficient air flow or if no flame is present.

When heating is activated, the decimal point on the temperature display lights up.

#### Steam Heating

To heat the cylinder with steam heat, the temperature of the cylinder is regulated by the amount of vapor pressure going into the cylinder. No regulators are used for steam heat.

### **Breakdown Procedures**

#### Hot Finisher Stops Due to Power Failure

To separate the return ribbons from cylinder immediately:

- 1. Insert the crank into the opening located on the right panel of the finisher.
- 2. Turn the crank clockwise to rotate the cylinder. Refer to *Figure 22*.
- 3. Insert a thick and very wet cloth (hardly wrung dry) into the finisher while rotating the cylinder with the crank.



NOTE: Side panel is removed for illustrative purposes only. NEVER operate unit without side panels.

FWF76N

#### Figure 22

#### **Temperature Regulator Stops Displaying Temperature:**

If the temperature regulator no longer displays the temperature and the display reads "EEE," this indicates a problem with the probe or wire connection. Check the connections. If the display reads "----," this indicates a short circuit in the probe. Check the probe wires or have the probe replaced by a qualified service representative.

# Temperature Regulator Displays Incorrect Temperature

It the temperature regulator displays an incorrect temperature or if the temperature will not change, the regulator is no longer calibrated. In this case, contact a qualified service representative.

#### Finisher Won't Start or Stops Suddenly

If the finisher won't start and the cylinder won't rotate or has stopped suddenly, check if finger guard safety panels or manual crank safety switch are activated. Release the activated emergency stops, and immediately start the finisher again by pressing the green Power On button to prevent damage to return ribbons.

#### **Unusual Noises and Other Issues**

If the finisher makes unusual noises (rubbing, banging, etc.), or for any other problem contact a qualified service person immediately.

### Alarms

#### (Microprocessor Models Only)

An alarm will sound for abnormal conditions as shown below.

#### Insufficient Air Flow (Gas Models Only)

When the pressure valve in the exhaust pipe opens for two seconds or more, the alarm sounds for one minute and display shows AL1.

On 3-Phase models, check the rotation direction of the exhaust fans. If exhaust fans are rotating in wrong direction, the electrical connection at L1, L2 or L3 terminals must be changed. If exhaust fans are rotating in correct direction, disconnect gas exhaust pipe. If alarm stops, exhaust pipe is too narrow or blocked.

Alarm is cancelled automatically when pressure switch returns to normal position or when finisher is turned off.

### **Emergency Safety Bar**

# WARNING

Emergency safety bar is for your safety. To avoid serious personal injury, do not override emergency safety bar.

W548

#### Non-CE Models

When the emergency safety bar is activated, the finisher automatically turns off and no message is displayed.

Alarm is cancelled by moving emergency safety bar to normal position and restarting finisher.

#### CE Models

When the emergency safety bar is activated, the finisher automatically turns off, the alarm sounds for one minute and display shows AL2.

Alarm is cancelled by moving emergency safety bar to normal position and restarting finisher or turning machine off and on.

#### **Microprocessor Control**

When there is an internal problem with the control, the alarm sounds for one minute and display shows AL3.

Alarm is cancelled by restarting finisher or turning finisher on and off.

### **Thermal Warning Fan**

When the thermal relay of the fan is activated, the alarm sounds for one minute and display shows AL4. The fan and heating are switched off and finisher remains on. This alarm is usually caused by dirt on the fan.

Alarm is automatically cancelled when the thermal relay is closed or finisher is turned off.

#### **Speed Regulator Alarm**

When the speed regulator alarm is activated, the alarm sounds for one minute and display shows AL5.

Finisher will automatically turn off. This fault condition may be due to an overload of the cylinder motor caused by a thick object inside the finisher or by dirt in the cylinder motor.

Alarm is cancelled by restarting finisher or turning finisher on and off.

#### No Flame (CE Gas Models Only)

When the burner is on or being ignited and a no flame condition occurs, the alarm sounds for one minute and display shows AL6.

The command for ignition remains active and the finisher remains on.

When the gas device cancels the fault indication, the alarm stops.

To try to re-ignite the burner, press the Decrease Preset Temperature keypad and Increase Preset Temperature keypad simultaneously after alarm stops.

If the reset fails, the alarm is activated again and one of the following fault conditions occurs:

- No gas supply. Check that the manual valve of gas supply is open.
- Gas pressure is insufficient or incorrect gas type is being used (refer to *Gas Connection* section).
- Ignition electrode is faulty. Replace ignition electrode.

To cancel alarm without re-igniting burner, press STOP keypad to stop finisher.

#### **Overheating or Sensor Not Connected**

If the temperature sensor is broken, not connected or if sensor detects a temperature above 410°F (210°C) continuously for two seconds, the alarm sounds for one minute and display shows AL7. The finisher will continue to operate.

Alarm can be cancelled by turning finisher off.

# **Extended Periods of Non-Use**

Any time the finisher will not be used for more than a week, the cylinder must be coated with a paraffin wax layer to prevent corrosion. Refer to *Maintenance* section for information on waxing the cylinder.

# Maintenance

#### NOTE: SHUTDOWNS due to unscheduled maintenance can be AVOIDED or MINIMIZED by:

- Performing periodic inspections as described, and
- Performing lubrication services at the time intervals specified in these instructions.

Following are recommended precautions that personnel must understand and apply when performing general periodic maintenance tasks.

# WARNING

To avoid possible serious injury:

- ALWAYS shut off services to finisher BEFORE doing ANY maintenance, service, setup, adjustments or repair to finisher.
- Shut off AND lock out ALL electric power to finisher.
- Let heated surfaces cool.
- BE SURE moving parts are at a standstill.
- ALWAYS be careful to AVOID spring loaded components when working inside finisher.

ALL maintenance, service, etc. MUST be performed ONLY by qualified service personnel.

W549

# WARNING

To AVOID possible serious injury, BEFORE maintenance or repair tasks:

• Disconnect all utilities such as gas, steam, and electricity.

Allow heated parts and surfaces to cool.

W544

IMPORTANT: ALL maintenance must ALWAYS be carried out when the finisher is stopped, the cylinder is cold, and the circuit break is in position 0 (OFF).

NOTE: Apart from the planetary drive gear, all of the planetary spindles (including the cylinder spindle for steam heated machines) are locked in the bearings on the right side of the machine. On the left side of the machine, the locking screws are absent to allow the planetary gears to be opened out.

## **Steam Heated Machines**

When carrying out maintenance operations, check that the steam return pipe located in the cylinder is situated in the vertical position.

In order to check steam return pipe position, proceed as follows:

- Remove the right side panel from machine.
- Remove cylinder inspection panel, located underneath the casing of the steam return housing.
- Check the position of the steam return pipe.
- Reinstall inspection panel and seal.
- Reinstall side panel.

### Feeding Ribbon Tension Adjustment

To adjust the tension of the feeding ribbons, follow these steps and refer to *Figure 23*.

- 1. Loosen the screws at both ends of the pick-up table.
- 2. Carefully slide the pick-up table to adjust the tension of the feeding ribbons.

NOTE: The feeding ribbons should wrap around the feeding ribbon roller with enough tension to turn without sliding, but not so tight as to become stretched out.

3. When the correct tension has been reached, tighten the screws.

# **IMPORTANT:** Do not over-tighten the feeding ribbons as this will cause rapid deterioration.



Figure 23

### **Return Ribbon Tension Adjustment**

Tension of the return ribbons must be adjusted on both sides of the finisher. To adjust the tension of the return ribbons, follow these steps and refer to *Figure 24*.

- 1. Remove both side panels from the finisher.
- 2. Locate the return ribbon tension systems on each side of the finisher.
- 3. On each side of the finisher, loosen tension bolt from tension springs.

4. Tighten tension bolt to adjust spring tension.

#### NOTE: The return ribbons should have enough tension to travel along the cylinder without slipping (including while carrying linen) but not so tight as to become stretched out.

5. Make an equal adjustment to the return ribbon tension system on the other side of the finisher.

NOTE: Measure the distance between the nut and tension spring bracket to verify that the tension of the return ribbons is equal on both sides of the finisher.

6. Replace both side panels on the finisher.

**IMPORTANT: Do not over-tighten the return** ribbons as this will cause rapid deterioration.



Figure 24

## **Press-Roller Pressure Adjustment**

Tension of the press-roller must be adjusted on both sides of the finisher to adjust the pressure of the press-roller. To adjust the tension of the press-roller, follow these steps and refer to *Figure 25*.

- 1. Remove both side panels from the finisher.
- 2. Locate the press-roller tension systems on each side of the finisher.
- 3. On one side of the finisher, unhook the tension spring from the tension pin.
- 4. Slide the tension pin out of the holes on the tension bracket.
- 5. Move the tension pin to another set of holes higher or lower on the tension bracket to adjust the tension of the press-roller.

#### NOTE: The press-roller should have enough tension to allow it to slightly touch the cylinder for effective ironing but not so much tension that it applies excessive pressure on the cylinder.

- 6. Hook the tension spring back onto the tension pin.
- 7. Make an equal adjustment to the press-roller tension system on the other side of the finisher.

#### NOTE: Count the number of holes on each tension bracket to verify that the tension of the press-roller is equal on both sides of the finisher.

8. Replace both side panels on the finisher.

## Press-Roller Drive Chain Tension Adjustment

To adjust the tension of the driving chain, follow these steps and refer to *Figure 25*.

- 1. Remove the right side panel from the finisher.
- 2. Locate the press-roller drive chain and the drive-roller sprocket.
- 3. Move the adjustable drive-roller sprocket along its rail to increase tension of the press-roller drive chain.

# NOTE: The press-roller drive chain should have approximately 1.13 inches (29 mm) of freeplay.

4. Replace the right side panel on the finisher.



Figure 25

## **Thermostat Inspection**

To clean the thermostat and its surrounding area, follow these steps and refer to *Figure 26*.

- 1. Gently press on the thermostat holder so the thermostat lifts up.
- 2. Rotate the thermostat holder 90 degrees.
- 3. Clean the thermostat holder if debris is present.
- 4. Clean the inside surface of the thermostat and its surrounding area if debris is present.
- 5. Place the thermostat holder back in its original position so the thermostat is touching the cylinder.





## **Cleaning the Scrapers**

To clean the scrapers that guide the linen from the ironing cylinder into the output tray, use clean hands to gently wipe off any debris. Refer to *Figure 26*.

# Waxing the Ironing Cylinder

#### **IMPORTANT:** If the finisher will not be used for more than a week, the ironing cylinder must be coated with paraffin wax to prevent it from rusting.

To coat the ironing cylinder with paraffin wax, follow these steps and refer to *Figure 27*.

- 1. Turn off the heat and proceed while the ironing cylinder is still warm.
- 2. Use a 5 mm Allen wrench to remove the top panel from the finisher.
- 3. Rotate the ironing cylinder at low speed.
- 4. Carefully hold a block of paraffin wax against one end of the cylinder and slowly move it along the length of the cylinder toward the other end.
- 5. Continue to apply the wax from one end of the cylinder to the other until the entire cylinder has an even coat of paraffin wax.
- 6. Stop the finisher.
- 7. Replace the top panel on the finisher.



Figure 27

# Removing Rust From Ironing Cylinder

If the ironing cylinder sits idle for more than a week without being coated with paraffin wax, it may become rusted.

To remove rust from the ironing cylinder, follow these steps.

- 1. Remove a couple return ribbons.
- 2. Sand the rusty area.
- 3. Reinstall return ribbons.
- 4. Repeat steps 1-3 and continue down the cylinder until all rusty surfaces have been sanded.

**IMPORTANT:** To prevent rust from returning, coat cylinder with paraffin wax.

### **Periodic Maintenance**

#### Daily

#### Inspect (Before Start-Up)

Inspect the area between the thermostat holder and the cylinder and clean area if debris is present. Refer to *Figure 26*.

Inspect the thermostat holder and make sure it is touching the cylinder. Refer to *Figure 26*.

Inspect steam models for condensation. To drain condensation on steam models, open the pressure very slowly and then drain the condensation from the circuit by opening the drain valve on the steam return pipe.

#### Weekly

#### Inspect (Before Start-Up)

Inspect the safety labels on the finisher and replace labels that are damaged, missing, or unreadable.

Remove top panel and inspect the guide ribbons. Replace any missing ribbons. Refer to the parts manual for ordering information. The ribbons must be fitted loosely.

#### Every 200 Hours

#### Inspect (Before Start-Up)

Inspect the feeding ribbons for missing ribbons, and replace any ribbons that are missing. Refer to the parts manual for ordering information.

Inspect the feeding ribbons for the correct tension. They must be lightly stretched and wrapped around the feeding ribbon roller with no slippage. Refer to *Figure 23* and follow the procedures to adjust the tension of the feeding ribbons.

Inspect the return ribbons for the correct tension. The strips tend to lengthen slightly, especially during initial usage. Refer to *Figure 24* and follow the procedures to adjust the tension on the return ribbons.

Inspect the press-roller drive chain (on the right side of the machine) for the correct tension. The chain must not vibrate as it may then come loose. Refer to *Figure 25* and follow the procedure to adjust the tension of the press-roller drive chain.

Inspect all air connections for visual signs of leakage. Tighten any loose connections and replace lines where necessary. Refer to the parts manual for ordering information.

Inspect the press-roller for the correct pressure. The press-roller must slightly touch the ironing cylinder without exerting too much pressure on the ironing cylinder. Refer to *Figure 25* and follow the procedures to adjust the pressure of the press-roller.

Inspect the supporting rollers. There are four rollers that support the heated roll. These are located at bottom of heated roll, right and left side. Inspect for wear, replace when necessary.

Inspect the condition of the rotating housings of the steam inlet and outlet (steam models only). As the circuit is pressurized, there should be no leaks of either water or steam; however, if a leak should appear, the defective housing must be replaced.

# CAUTION

DO NOT touch or get too close to the steam pipes.

W633

#### Clean

Clean the finisher's exhaust system, including fans, fan cage, left exhaust and right exhaust.

Clean the ventilation grids of the fan motors and driving motors.

Clean the ironing cylinder. Make sure to remove any detergent residue.

Clean the scrapers that guide the linen from the ironing cylinder into the output tray. Refer to *Figure 26*.

Clean the filter on the steam inlet pipe if debris is present (steam models only).

Vacuum the entire ironer. Remove top, side and front panels and remove any lint that may accumulate.

#### Grease

Grease the drive roller bearing with a hightemperature grease while rotating the ironing cylinder by hand.

Grease the motor chain and sprockets.

Grease the press-roller drive chain and sprockets.

Grease the planetary gear bearings (all models) and the cylinder bearings (steam models only) with a high-temperature grease.

#### Every 2000 Hours

#### **Inspect (Before Start-Up)**

Inspect the gas exhaust pipe and duct for debris (gas models only). If debris is present, have the gas exhaust system cleaned by a qualified service person.

Inspect the vapor exhaust pipe and duct for debris. If debris is present, clean the vapor exhaust system.

Inspect and clean, if necessary, the burner tube. If ports on the burner tube become clogged, the flame will not be even along the entire length of the burner tube.

### **Replacement of Feeding Ribbons**

To replace the feeding ribbons, perform the following steps.

1. With a standard screwdriver, pop clamp open at left end of feeding roller. Refer to *Figure 28*.





- 2. Remove clamp from roll.
- 3. Peel back adhesive strip from left side of feeding roller to expose roller pin. Refer to *Figure 29*.



Figure 29

#### Maintenance

4. Using a center punch, completely knock out feeding roller pin. Refer to *Figure 30*.



Figure 30

5. Remove screw from left side of top panel (behind feeding roller). Refer to *Figure 31*.





6. Unlock the feeding ribbon roller at the left side interior panel by removing two screws. Keep roller in place and check the direction in which the bearing is mounted. Refer to *Figure 32*.



Figure 32

7. Remove bearing by pressing left. Refer to *Figure 33*.



Figure 33

- 8. Remove feeding ribbons by sliding to left side of roller.
- 9. Replace feeding ribbons by sliding from left side of roller to right side.

# NOTE: The feeding ribbons must be replaced by a complete new set of feeding ribbons.

- 10. Install shaft by pressing right, making sure that shaft is in same direction as when it was removed.
- 11. Reinstall two screws to left side interior panel.
- 12. Reinstall screw to left side of top panel.
- 13. Reinstall feeding roll pin.
- 14. Glue adhesive strip back onto feeding roll with neoprene glue.
- 15. Install new clamp onto feeding roll.
- 16. Verify that the distance between the end of the input table and the cylinder is between 1/5 inch (5 mm) and 1/4 inch (6 mm).

NOTE: The gap between the feeding ribbons and cylinder must be at least 1/5 inch (5 mm).

### **Replacement of Return Ribbons**

To replace return ribbons, perform the following steps.

- 1. Remove both side panels from the finisher.
- 2. Locate the return ribbon tension systems on each side of the finisher.
- 3. On each side of finisher, loosen tension bolt from tension springs and unhook the four tension springs.





- 4. Remove rear panel from finisher.
- 5. Use manual crank to move cylinder until return ribbon connection point is at top of rear drive roller.

#### Maintenance

6. Remove pin from teeth of return ribbon. Refer to *Figure 35*.

# NOTE: Do not release bottom portion of return ribbon.



Figure 35

7. Install new return ribbon by connecting teeth from flap portion of new return ribbon to teeth of bottom (non-flap) portion on old return ribbon with pin.

# NOTE: Be certain to keep return ribbon under return ribbon guide.

- 8. Use manual crank to turn cylinder until new return ribbon has completed the entire rotation of the cylinder.
- 9. Remove pin from teeth of return ribbons.
- 10. Connect both ends of new return ribbon by connecting teeth with pin.
- 11. Use manual crank to turn cylinder until correct tension of return ribbon is complete.

12. Verify that new return ribbon is placed in between the guide pins of output tray in front of machine. Refer to *Figure 36*.



Figure 36

13. Hook the tension springs back onto the tension spring bracket.

#### NOTE: The return ribbons should have enough tension to travel along the cylinder without slipping (including while carrying linen) but not so tight as to become stretched out.

- 14. If necessary to increase or decrease the tension of the return ribbons, refer to *Adjustments of Return Ribbons* section.
- 15. Reinstall rear panel.
- 16. Reinstall both side panels on finisher.

# **Replacement of Supporting Rollers**

#### (Not available on Steam Heated Finishers)

To replace the supporting rollers, perform the following steps.

- 1. Remove side panel.
- 2. Remove top panel.
- 3. Fit transport brackets (supplied with machine).
- 4. Tighten bracket attachment screws to slightly lift cylinder.
- 5. Unscrew two roller support bar locking screws on the right side blocks.
- 6. Unscrew two roller locking screws from roller support bar.
- 7. Remove the bar and rollers.
- 8. Mount the bar back into place with new rollers.
- 9. Install the rollers in position on the bar, maintaining proper distances.
- 10. Install the bar on the right side blocks.
- 11. Reinstall top panel.
- 12. Reinstall side panels.

#### Models Starting July 2007

1. Collars are assembled on rod. Two stop rings are put on each side of collar to avoid movement. Refer to *Figure 37*.





- 2. Drill rod depth hole from 5 mm diameter to 6 mm (one for each collar and one for stop ring).
- 3. Use loctite on collar and stop rings.

### **Replacement of Side Rollers**

#### (Not available on Steam Heated Finishers)

To replace side rollers, perform the following steps.

- 1. Remove side panels.
- 2. Remove screws that hold roller in place.
- 3. Remove spacer from old roller.
- 4. Place new roller onto spacer.
- 5. Install new roller in place with screws removed in step 2.
- 6. Reinstall side panels.

# **Troubleshooting Undesirable Finishes**

Problem:	Possible Causes/Corrective Action:
Wrinkles in the fabric are not removed.	There is not enough moisture in the fabric. Dry fabric cannot be ironed. See chart below for moisture retention.
The fabric is not completely dry.	<ol> <li>The roll temperature is too low. Try a higher temperature, but do not exceed the maximum temperature tolerance of the most sensitive fiber.</li> <li>The feed speed is too fast. Adjust the speed so the fabric is dry after one pass.</li> <li>The fabric moisture content is too high.         <ol> <li>a. Provide a longer washer extraction time.</li> <li>b. Provide a higher washer g-force extraction speed.</li> <li>c. Partially dry (in a tumbler) the linen before finishing.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
There are lengthwise wrinkles in the fabric.	The operators must stretch the fabric side to side during the feed process.
There are crosswise wrinkles in the fabric.	<ol> <li>The return ribbon travel is uneven.</li> <li>The return drive roll could be slipping on the ribbons. This could be caused by the presence of fabric softener on the roll. Fabric softener should not be used on fabrics that will be ironed.</li> <li>The ribbon length is uneven. Uneven length ribbons will not drive the roll evenly.</li> </ol>
Only a few articles can be ironed before the finish quality deteriorates. The operators must wait a few minutes before proceeding in order to process linen to the proper finish.	<ol> <li>There is too much water in the fabric. Large articles with excessive water content will remove a great amount of heat from the roll or shoe. This will reduce the roll or shoe temperature below that required to obtain an acceptable dry and finish. In order to compensate the operators may set the temperature too high. This may scorch the first items and can also damage the mechanical and electrical systems of the finisher.</li> <li>The feeder speed is too fast. Slow down the feed speed.</li> </ol>
There is color or staining on the finished material.	The wash process has not cleaned the fabric. Impurities such as soil, minerals, sour or detergent may still be present in the fabric. Since only the water is removed from the fabric during the finishing process, any impurities will remain as a deposit on the linen or finisher surfaces.
The fabric is scorched.	The roll or shoe temperature is too high. Reduce the temperature. NOTE: The entire width of the finisher should be used to prevent overheating the unused surface. Small articles should be processed in a pattern that utilizes the entire width.

Moisture Retention of Fabric		
Material Type	Moisture Rentention	
Synthetic Fibers	10-15%	
Artifical silks, acetate and acetate fiber	10-15%	
Rayon	10-15%	
Silk	10-15%	
Wool (iron between moist cloth)	10-15%	
Polyester	10-15%	
Poly-Cotton Blend	20-25%	
Cotton	40-45%	

### Troubleshooting Hot Surface Ignition Module (120 Volt Gas Models Only)

#### **IMPORTANT:**

- 1. The following service procedures are provided as a general guide.
- 2. Meter readings between gas control and ignition module must be taken within the trial for ignition period. Once the ignition module shuts off, wait for retry or reset at the thermostat.
- 3. If any component does not function properly, make sure it is correctly installed and wired before replacing it.
- 4. The ignition module cannot be repaired. If it malfunctions, replace it.
- 5. Only trained, experienced service technicians should service hot surface ignition systems.
- 6. After servicing, verify proper system operation.

Perform the checkout steps in the *First Start-Up* section as the first step in troubleshooting. Then check the troubleshooting sequence to determine the exact cause of the problem. Refer to *Figure 38*.

After troubleshooting, perform the first start-up procedure again to be sure the system is operating normally.

#### Status LED Used to Troubleshoot

The LED can be used to check the finisher status. A description of the LED signals follows.

IMPORTANT: The LED shows system status for the current call for heat. When the call for heat is interrupted (thermostat satisfied or system power switched off), the LED goes off and the status information is lost.

- Pulsing heartbeat is the normal operating mode during a call for heat (24V terminal is powered). The system can be in any of the normal operating modes including prepurge, warmup, ignition trial, between trial purge, or normal run.
- One flash indicates the ignition module is in an ignition lockout mode. The most probable cause is the main burner failing to light or failure to detect the flame. Run the finisher through a call for heat and if the burner does not light, check the following:
  - Gas supply
  - Input voltage
  - Hot surface igniter
  - Gas control
  - Wiring
- If the main burner lights, but goes out at the end of the ignition trial, check the following:
  - Igniter/sensor
  - Flame rod
  - Burner ground connections
  - Wiring
- Two flashes indicates the flame rectification signal is weak. The most probable causes are:
  - Contaminated or mislocated igniter/sensor or flame rod
  - Poor flame sense leadwire insulation or connections
  - Poor gas pressure
- If the flame rectification signal is strong when the finisher lights, but weak while heat is being delivered, check for overheating of the igniter/ sensor, flame rod ceramic or flame sense leadwires.
- Three flashes indicate an internal error. The most probable cause is an ignition module logic failure. Start a new call for heat and if the three-flash signal returns, replace the ignition module.

#### **Ignition System Checks**

Refer to Figure 38.

Step 1: Check igniter wire harness.

Make sure:

- a. Ignition cable does not run in contact with any metal surfaces.
- b. Connections to the ignition module and to the igniter or igniter-sensor are clean and tight.
- c. Ignition cable provides good electrical continuity.

**Step 2:** Check ignition system grounding. Nuisance shutdowns are often caused by a poor or erratic ground.

- a. A common ground is required for the module, igniter, flame sensor and main burner.
  - Check for good metal-to-metal contact between the igniter bracket and the main burner.
  - Check the ground path from the GND (Burner) terminal on the module to the main burner. Make sure connections are clean and tight. If the wire is damaged or deteriorated, replace with proper wire. Refer to *Electrical Connection* section. A temporary leadwire connection between the GND (BURNER) terminal and the main burner can help confirm a ground path problem.
  - Check the temperature at the igniter ceramic or flame sensor insulator. Excessive temperature permits leakage to ground. Contact a qualified service person if the temperature exceeds rating of igniter or sensor.
  - If flame sensor or bracket is bent out of position, restore to the correct position.
  - Replace the igniter and sensor or ignitersensor with an identical unit if the insulator is cracked.

Step 3: Check the flame sensing circuit.

- a. Make sure the burner flame is capable of providing a good rectification signal.
- b. Make sure about 3/4 to 1 inch of the flame sensor or igniter-sensor is continuously immersed in the flame for the best flame signal.
- c. Check for excessive (above 1000°F [538°C]) temperature at the ceramic insulator on the flame sensor. Excessive temperature can cause a short to ground.

- d. Check for cracked igniter-sensor or sensor ceramic insulator, which can cause short to ground, and replace unit if necessary.
  - Make sure electrical connections are clean and tight. Replace damaged wire with moisture-resistant No. 18 wire rated for continuous duty up to 221°F (105°C).
- e. If the igniter is other than a Norton 201 or 271, make sure it meets the following specifications:
  - Igniter must reach 1832°F (1000°C) within 34 seconds with 102 Vac applied.
  - Igniter must maintain at least 500M ohm insulation resistance between the igniter leadwires and the igniter mounting bracket.
  - Igniter must not develop an insulating layer on its surface (over time) that would prevent flame sensing.
  - Igniter surface area immersed in flame must not exceed one-fourth of the grounded area immersed in flame. This would prevent flame sensing.
  - Igniter current draw at 132 Vac must not exceed 5A.

# Check Operation of Air Vacuum Switches

Place a metal plate with a hole size of Ø120 millimeters (4.75 inches) on top of exhaust pipe. Switch should not trip. Next place a metal plate with hole size of Ø100 millimeters (4 inches) on top of exhaust pipe. Switch should trip off. Repeat procedure on other exhaust pipe.



Figure 38